<u>Art and Design</u> Art: Pottery Make a thumb pot **DT:** Sewing

in the style of a particular culture.

PSHE

To recognise how other people are feeling.

To understand the importance of not keeping secrets that make me uncomfortable.

To know about appropriate and inappropriate touch.

Computing

Program an animal to

move to its habitat using

KUBO.

<u>Music</u>

Recognise different globa musical traditions.

Geography

The World:

Continents & Oceans Pakistan and Other Countries: Human and Physical Features Map Skills

Year 2: Spring

Where in the world would we like to explore?

Maths

Fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length

Equivalent fractions $(\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4})$

Commutativity and non-commutativity of Multiplication and Division

Making amounts with coins and notes

History

Compare and contrast the lives of significant individuals who have contributed to national and international achievements: Captain James Cook and Amelia Earhart

Literacy

Building on our descriptive writing and story writing to engage and entertain a reader.

Re-telling events that have happened to us.

Discussing our favourite words and phrases from our reading.

Writing an informative report on a country we have studied

Science

Explore living, dead and never been alive things

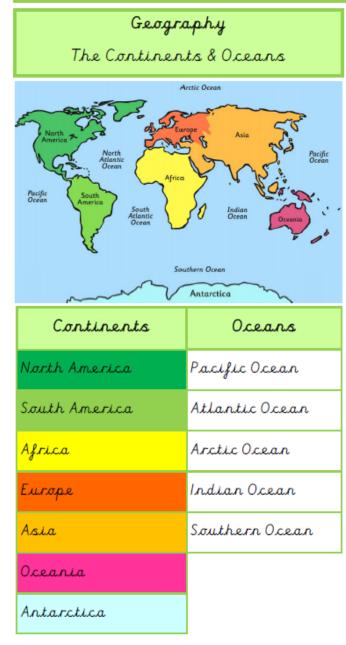
Investigate why habitats are suitable to keep a plant or animal alive and healthy

/riting	Number and Algebra		
psitive attitudes to writing:			
Writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional).	v Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects o		
Writing for different purposes.	quantity		
anning, drafting:	$$ Write simple fractions and recognise equivalence $l^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$-\frac{2}{3}$	
Planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about.	Vite simple fractions and recognise equivalence $(\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4})$		
Writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary in magpie books. Encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence.	✓ Calculate and write mathematical statements for multiplication and division, using		
	symbols ÷, × and =		
/riting: Use full stops, question marks and capital letters correctly.			
Use subordination (using because, when and that) and coordination (using and and but).	✓ Show commutativity and non-commutativity between multiplication and division.		
Identify and use statements, exclamations and questions.	 Solve problems using multiplication and division using 	ng a variety of metl	hods and
Use the past tense and present tense accurately and start to use the progressive form.	equipment, including arrays.		
Include detail through appropriate word choice suitable to purpose.	✓ Combine different coins/notes and amount to make	a particular value	
valuate and edit:			
Evaluate their writing with feedback from the teacher and peers.	✓ Find different combinations of coins that make the s	ame amount.	
Re-read their work ensuring verbs are in the correct tense are used correctly and consistently,	Solve addition and subtraction problems using money, including giving change.		
Independently proof-read to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation.	Measure		-
Read parts of their work aloud with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.		a na au ana	traight line
rammar Be able to identify and use:	✓ Describe position, direction and movement, includir	•	-
Capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences.	(forwards and backwards) and rotation as a turn (rig	ht angles for quart	er, half and thre
Commas to separate items in a list	quarter turns, anticlockwise and clockwise.) Link: co	mputing –coding	
Apostrophes for contraction and to mark singular possession in nouns.			
Nouns and noun phrases, adjectives and expanded noun phrases.			
Question, command, statement and exclamation.	Essential Knowledge		
Verbs and the tenses of past and present.	 Learn the 5s and 3s timestable 	5 timestable	3 timestable
Compound sentences.	✓ Recall 2, 3, 5 and 10 timestable	1 x 5 = 5	1 x 3 = 3
		2 x 5 = 10	2 x 3 = 6
	 Recall addition and subtraction facts to 100 	3 x 5= 15	3 x 3 = 9
Use suffixes in adjectives and adverbs (-er -est and -ly) Formation of adjectives using -ful, -less	✓ Know £ and p symbol when using money.	4 x 5 = 20	4 x 3 = 12
eading	✓ Know number of minutes in an hour and hours in	5 x 5 = 25	5 x 3 = 15
Discuss and express views on non-fiction and stories that they read and are read to them and take turns whilst		6 x 5 = 30	6 x 3 = 18
listening to what others say.	a day	7 x 5 = 35	7 x 3 = 21
 Discuss their favourite words/phrases. 		8 x 5 = 40	8 x 3 = 24
 Become familiar with and able to simply retell stories, fairy stories and traditional tales. 	Key vocabulary: fraction, third. Quarter, two-	9 x 5 = 45	9 x 3 = 27
 Begin to recognise simple recurring language in the stories and they read. 	quarters, three-quarters, equivalence, arrays, coins,	10 x 5 = 50	10 x 3 = 30
Predict what might happen based on what they have read so far providing a simple explanation.		11 x 5 = 55	11 x 3 = 33
 Make inferences based on what is said and done. 	notes, value, pound (£), pence (p), giving change	12 x 5 = 60	12 x 3 = 36
 Discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary. 	(money), sequence, hours, minutes, quarter past,		
 Answering and asking questions about what they are reading. 	quarter to, anticlockwise and clockwise, centimetres (cm) metres (m) kilog	grams (km) gram
 drawing on what they already know and vocabulary provided by the teacher 	(g), Celsius (°C), litres (I), millilitres (ml)		
 checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading 	(g), Ceisius (°C), intres (i), minintres (mi)		
 continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become 			
embedded and reading is fluent.			
 read aloud books matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, 			
automatically and without undue hesitation.			
read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain graphemes taught so far & recognising alternative			
sounds from graphemes.			
read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above			
 read words containing common suffixes (ongoing) 			
discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related			
 discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary 			
 being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways. 			
ey vocabulary:			

Year 2 Spring: Where in the world would we like to explore?

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Geography	Science	Music	
Locations	Living things and their habitats	Appreciate	
\checkmark name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans	\checkmark Explore and compare the differences between things that we	 Listen and respond to Ravi Shankar-Symphony 	
Key vocabulary: Continent, Africa, Asia, Europe, North America,	living, dead and things that have never been alive	✓ Listen and respond to different global musical traditions through	
South America, Oceania, Antarctica, Pacific, Arctic, Atlantic, Indian,	 Explain how most living things live in habitats that are suited to 	the Charanga unit, 'In the Groove'.	
Antarctic	their basic needs	Perform and Share	
Place	 Explore the interdependence of plants and animals living in a 	 Learn to perform a simple song (In the Groove) in a variety of 	
\checkmark Notice similarities and differences in the geographical features	specific habitat	musical styles.	
of the U.K, Pakistan and other countries		Play, Sing and Create	
Key vocabulary: same, different, climate, landscape		 Improvise different styles of rhythms and pitched patterns in 	
Human and Physical	habitats, including micro-habitats	response to the song 'In the Groove.' Key vocabulary: Pulse, tempo, rhythm, dynamics, blues, latin, bhangra,	
\checkmark Identify hot and cold places in relation to the Equator and the	 Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and 	folk, funk, improvise, sitar.	
Poles.	animals by using a simple food chain	DT	
 Use geographical vocabulary to refer to human and physical 	✓ Compare and contrast the habitats of similar animals living in	Research:	
features countries	the UK and Pakistan	✓ Find out about fashions in different cultures.	
Key physical vocabulary: beach, cliff, coast, forest, mountain, sea,	Key vocabulary: healthy, habitat, micro-habitat, living, dead, never	Design:	
ocean, city, town, village, office, port, harbour	alive, interdependence, food chain, compare, contrast, same,	 Design an item of clothing suitable for a particular culture. 	
<u>Skills</u>	similar, different, carnivores, herbivores and omnivores	<u>Create:</u>	
 Use maps and atlases to identify the U.K and its countries 	RE	✓ Use tie dye techniques to make an item of clothing by following	
 Use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks 	Humanism	our designs.	
History	✓ Explore different culture's celebrations	 Use stitching (running-stitch and back-stitch) to embellish and join 	
Chronology of events	 Explore how religions mark new years 	 fabrics. ✓ Cut a range of shapes into the fabric as necessary. 	
\checkmark Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally	<u>Christianity</u>	Evaluate:	
and/or globally – First female solo flight across the Atlantic	✓ Learn about the events of Holy Week	\checkmark Reflect on the finished product and think of a way to improve it	
✓ Compare and contrast the lives of significant individuals in the	 Understand why they are important to Christians 	Key vocabulary: backstitch, cross-stitch, design, label, materials, fabric	
past who have contributed to national and international	Key vocabulary: Celebrations, cultures, Palm Sunday, Ash	Art	
achievements - Captain Cook and Amelia Earhart (link to	Wednesday, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday, Stations of the Cross	Media: Clay	
geography – coastlines, maps, exploration)	Computing	Appreciation:	
Key vocabulary: exploration, national, international, global,	Computer Science - Algorithms	Artist: Clarice Cliff	
mapping, aviation	 Identify the aim of a program 	✓ To describe what techniques an artist has used	
Change and continuity	 Create an algorithm using instructions 	✓ To consider why a technique has been used to create a specific	
\checkmark Discuss how the past has influenced the present and how the	Computer Science – Create and debug	effect	
present will shape the future	 Debug the algorithm 	Skills: Exploring and developing ideas:	
Key vocabulary: influence, shape, impact	Key vocabulary: Program, aim, algorithm, instructions, debug	Explore how clay can be manipulated using tools and hands	
Cause and effect	Outdoor Learning	Investigating and making art:	
✓ Draw simple conclusions as to the significance of these events	Research	✓ Use hands to create a thumb pot	
 Predict changes for the future based upon knowledge of the 	 Research maps and what is needed on a map 	✓ Add texture and pattern using clay tools	
past	✓ Learn about how a compass works	Evaluating and developing art:	
Key vocabulary: technology, advancements	Design	 To suggest aspects of your work to improve 	
<u>PSHE</u>	 Design a map of the school and the surrounding area 	 To explore ways to improve the technique used 	
<u>Relationships</u>	✓ Practice using a compass outdoors	Key vocabulary: Smoothing, pinch, manipulate, soften, roll, patterns,	
✓ Feelings and emotions	Create/ Evaluate	texture, patterns, tools	
✓ Healthy relationships	 Create the map In pairs, give each other instructions on how to pavigate to a 	PE: ✓ Hand-Eye Coordination/Pass & Receive/Control/Striking – Hockey	
✓ Valuing difference	 In pairs, give each other instructions on how to navigate to a certain item or location using only a compass 	 Hand-Eye Coordination/Pass & Receive/Control/Striking – Hockey Catching/Passing/Target/Movement – Basketball 	
Key vocabulary: empathy, unfair/fair, secrets, safety, views,	Key vocabulary: compass, north, south, east, west, map, directions,	 Hand-Eye Coordination/Striking/Control – Tennis 	
opinions, acceptable touch/unacceptable touch	school	✓ Target/Control/Strategy/Striking – Tri-Golf	
	SCHOOL		

Where in the world would we like to explore?



Science

Living things and habitats

Habitats





Food chain





History

Significant Individuals

Captain James Cook



British explorer, navigator and cartographer. He made 3 💽 voyages to the Pacific Ocean and mapped many areas for the first time in the 18th century.

Amelia Earhart



Earhart was the first female aviator 🚺 to fly solo across the Atlantic Ocean. She mysteriously disappeared while flying over the Pacific Ocean in 1937.

Key Vocabulary

Equator (Geography) - an imaginary line that divides the Earth into the northern and southern hemispheres

North and South Poles (Geography) - the endpoints of the Earth that are the furthest away from the equator

Human feature (Geography) - ways in which humans have made changes to the land, e.g. a bridge, a castle

Physical feature (Geography) - natural formations or parts of the Earth's surface, e.g. a mountain, a river, cliffs

Habitat (Science) - the natural conditions and environment in which a plant or animal lives

Carnivore (Science) - an animal that only eats meat

Herbivore (Science) - an animal that only eats plants

Omnivore (Science) - an animal that eats both meat and plants

Food chair (Science) - the feeding relationship which allows energy (food) to be passed from one living thing to another